

Plant nutrition

IGCSE Biology Topical Questions Paper 1

May/June 2003

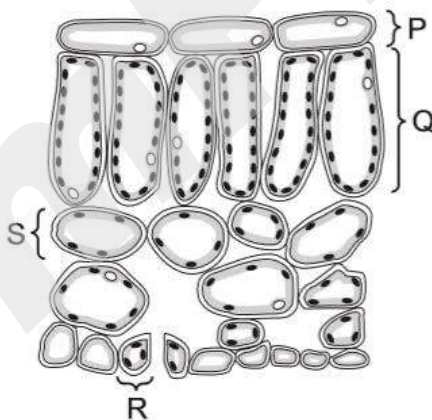
19 The roots of green plants take up nitrates from the soil.

What are the nitrates used to make?

- A fat
- B glucose
- C protein
- D starch

May/June 2004

Use the diagram of a section through a leaf to answer questions 6 and 7.



6 Which can perform the most photosynthesis?

- A P
- B Q
- C R
- D S

14 Why is sunlight necessary for photosynthesis?

- A It is a catalyst.
- B It is a source of energy.
- C It provides nutrients.
- D It provides oxygen.

20 Which process in green plants produces carbon dioxide?

- A photosynthesis
- B respiration
- C translocation
- D transpiration

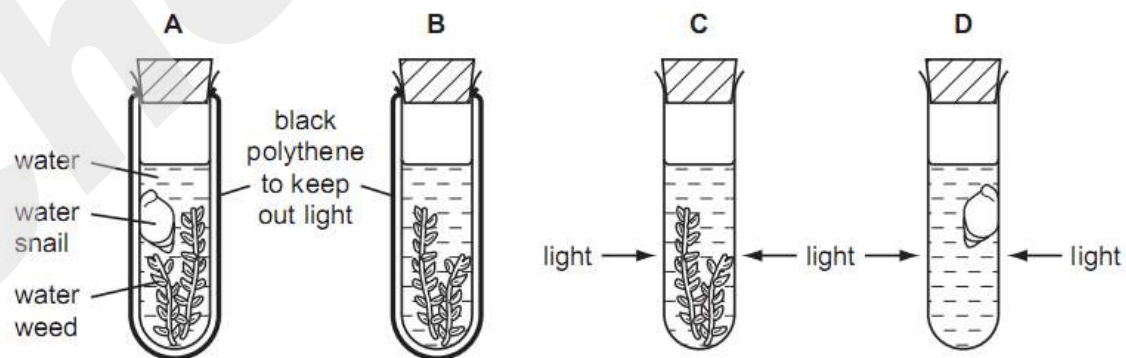
37 In which process is oxygen a waste product?

- A active transport
- B aerobic respiration
- C anaerobic respiration
- D photosynthesis

Oct/Nov 2004

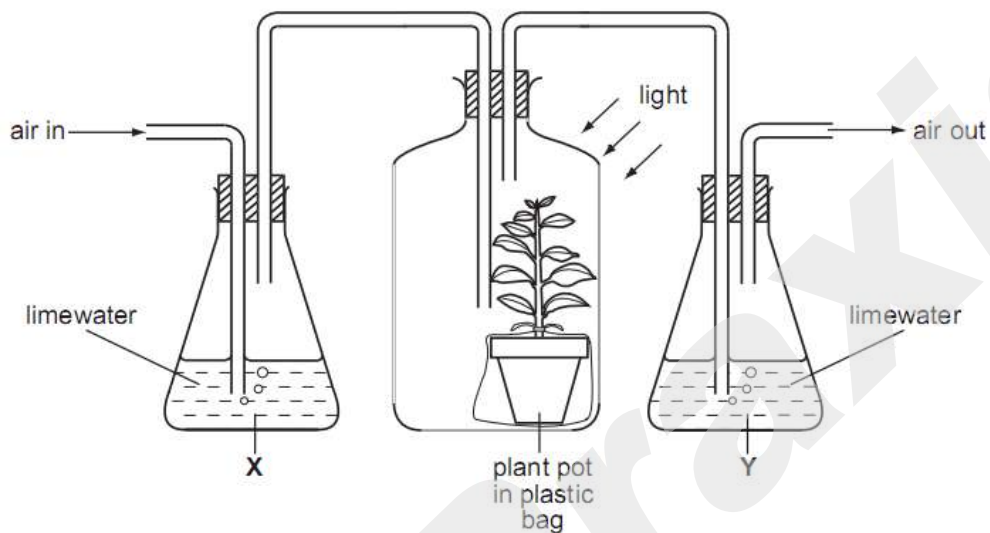
14 Four test-tubes are set up as shown.

Which test-tube contains the most carbon dioxide after one hour?



May/June 2006

- 13 The apparatus shown in the diagram is used to investigate the effect of a green plant on carbon dioxide in the air.



Limewater goes cloudy if carbon dioxide is bubbled through it.

What happens to the limewater in **X** and in **Y**?

	X	Y
A	goes cloudy	goes cloudy
B	goes cloudy	stays clear
C	stays clear	goes cloudy
D	stays clear	stays clear

Oct/Nov 2007

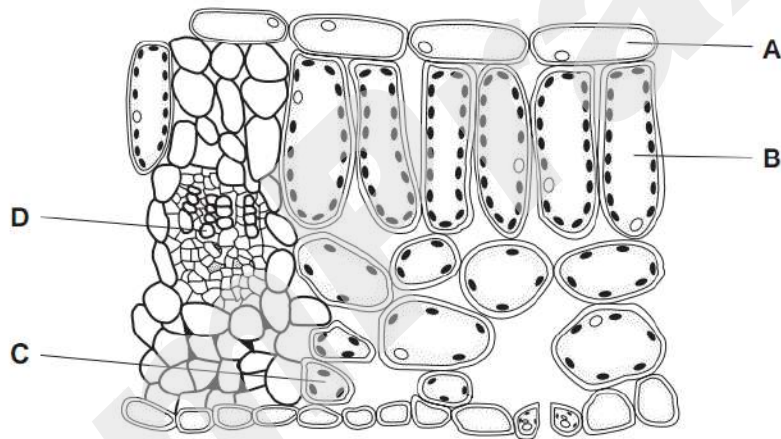
- 3 Cacti have fewer stomata than other plants.

How does this help them to survive in desert conditions?

- A It increases loss of water.
- B It increases uptake of carbon dioxide.
- C It reduces loss of water.
- D It reduces uptake of carbon dioxide.

- 15 The diagram shows a section through a leaf, seen under the microscope.

In which part is the carbon dioxide concentration **lowest** on a warm sunny day?

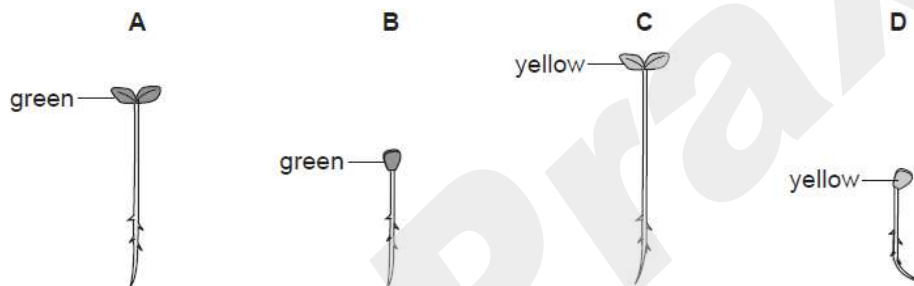


- 29 Four samples of seeds were allowed to germinate in different conditions of temperature and light, as shown in the table.

sample	temperature (°C)	light
1	20	absent
2	20	present
3	5	absent
4	5	present

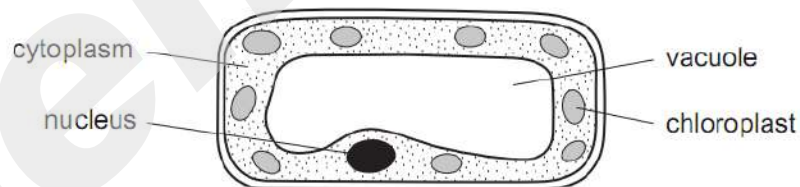
A typical seedling from each sample was removed after seven days.

Which seedling was from sample 4?



May/June 2008

- 5 The diagram shows a type of plant cell.

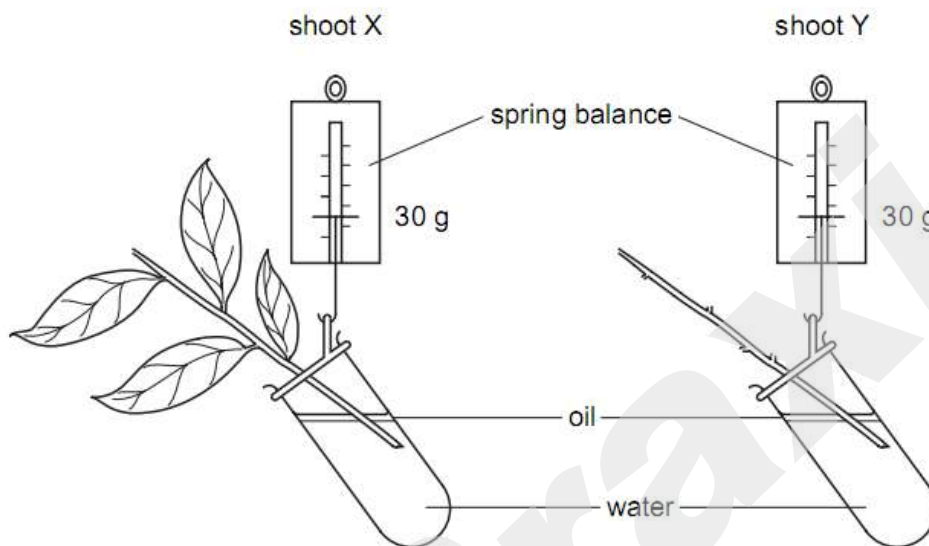


In which tissue is this cell found?

- A leaf epidermis
- B palisade mesophyll
- C root epidermis
- D xylem

Oct/Nov 2008

18 The diagram shows two shoots at the start of an experiment on transpiration.



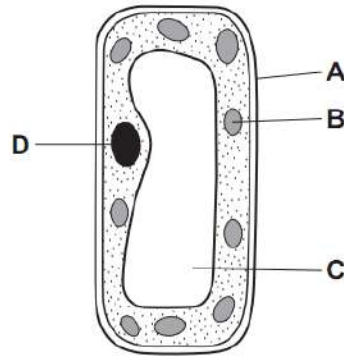
What are the readings on the spring balances after three days?

	shoot X	shoot Y
A	30 g	30 g
B	30 g	25 g
C	25 g	30 g
D	25 g	25 g

May/June 2009

4 The diagram shows a palisade cell from a leaf.

Which labelled structure produces oxygen?



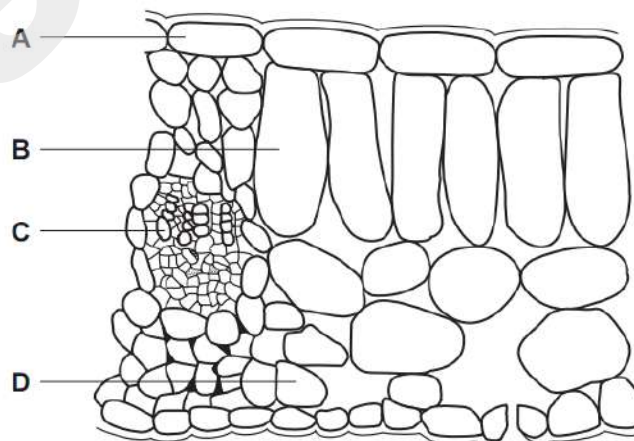
13 Which cell type contains the **most** chloroplasts?

- A palisade mesophyll
- B phloem
- C spongy mesophyll
- D xylem

Oct/Nov 2009

12 The diagram shows a section through a leaf.

Which cell type absorbs the most carbon dioxide during the day?



- 13 Which element is found in a molecule of chlorophyll?
- A calcium
 - B iron
 - C lead
 - D magnesium
- 14 What is formed first in a leaf as a result of photosynthesis?
- A chlorophyll
 - B glucose
 - C starch
 - D water

ChemPraxis